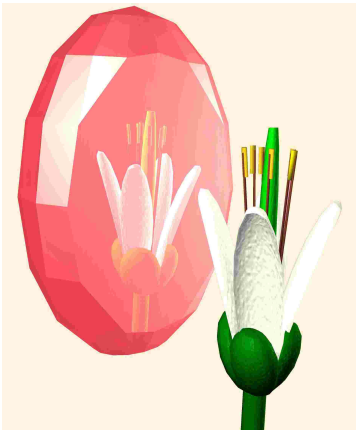


GARNish

The official GARNet newsletter



Welcome to the new version of GARNish the official GARNet newsletter.

GARNish aims to provide the UK Arabidopsis community with relevant and useful information about research, resources and new technologies.

GARNish will be circulated twice a year in both electronic (available at the GARNet website) and printed formats.

Genomic Arabidopsis Resource Network



GARNet was established in 2000 with BBSRC funding. GARNet was set up to provide reliable, user-driven and publicly available functional genomic resources for Arabidopsis research.

Information about GARNet and other Arabidopsis resources are available on the GARNet website <http://garnet.arabidopsis.org.uk>

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Arabidopsis Ensembl:- A comprehensive Genome Browser from NASC

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Ruth Bastow
GARNet administrator

For further Information about GARNet and GARNish please contact me:-

R.M.Bastow @warwick.ac.uk

5th GARNet meeting with UK-BRC.

University of Leicester 1-2 September 2004. Speakers will include

Pam Green, Caroline Dean, Thomas Laux, Gloria Coruzzi, Derek Lydiate and many more.

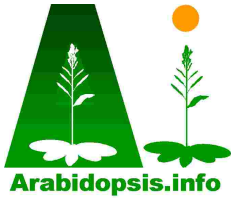
For more details and registration go to the GARNet website.

<http://garnet.arabidopsis.org.uk>

Poster abstract deadline 5th July. Registration deadline 6th August.

Arabidopsis Resources

Transcriptome analysis

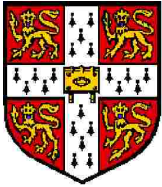


An affymetrix gene chip service is provided by Sean May and his team at NASC (Nottingham Arabidopsis Stock Centre) <http://Arabidopsis.info/>

Users provide RNA and NASC carries out all technical procedures associated with hybridisation and data capture. The gene expression data generated is provided to the user in raw and excel formats. A 'post-chip' service for help with data analysis is also provided.

For further information see <http://www.york.ac.uk/res/garnet/providers.htm>

Proteome analysis



The Cambridge Centre for Proteomics (CCP) provides a proteomic resource for the UK Arabidopsis community.

The service carries out quantitative proteome analysis, by employing difference gel electrophoresis and identifying proteins exhibiting a change in expression under a given set of circumstances by a combination of peptide mass fingerprinting and de novo sequencing.

For further information see <http://www.york.ac.uk/res/garnet/providers.htm>

Metabolome analysis



This resource is provided by Prof Mike Beale and located at the National Plant and Microbial Metabolic Centre at Rothamsted Research.

The facility provides both targeted and general metabolite profiling of the Arabidopsis metabolome using HPLC, MS and NMR.

For further information see <http://www.york.ac.uk/res/garnet/providers.htm>

Library Screening



Gene Transfer Clone Identification and Distribution service is available from GeTCID.

Users provide DNA for hybridisation to colony filters representing 4 different Arabidopsis libraries. Clones are then sent to user.

For further information see <http://www.york.ac.uk/res/garnet/providers.htm>

General Arabidopsis databases

PLANET, A Network of European Plant Databases
<http://www.eu-plant-genome.net/>

GABI, Genome Analysis of the Plant Biological Systems
<http://gabi.de/>

MASC, Multinational Arabidopsis Steering Committee
http://www.arabidopsis.org/info/2010_projects/index.jsp

TAIR, The Arabidopsis Information Service
<http://www.arabidopsis.org/>

Genoplante Joint Programme in Plant Genomics
<http://www.genoplante.com>

Genome Databases

UK Crop Net, Crop Plant Bioinformatics Network
<http://ukcrop.net/>

MIPS, Munich Information Centre for Protein Sequence
<http://mips.gsf.de/projects/plants>

RIKEN Resource Centre
<http://www.brc.riken.jp/lab/epd/Eng/index.html>

CATMA, Complete Arabidopsis Transcriptome Microarray
<http://www.catma.org>

AtEnsembl, Arabidopsis Ensembl Genome Browser
<http://atensembl.arabidopsis.info/>

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Seeds and Stocks

NASC, Nottingham Arabidopsis Stock Centre
<http://nasc.nott.ac.uk/>

Arabidopsis Biological Resource Centre (ABRC)
<http://www.biosci.ohio-state.edu/~plantbio/Facilities/abrc/abrchome.htm>

Other Resources

Proteomics and Metabolomics Facilities

Aberdeen Proteome Facility (UK)

<http://www.abdn.ac.uk/~mmb023/proteome/>
Contact Dr.Phil Cash

Technology Facility York University (UK)

<http://www.york.ac.uk/depts/biol/tf/index.htm>

Sir Henry Wellcome Functional Genomics Facility (UK)

<http://www.gla.ac.uk/functionalgenomics>

Structural Biology Centre at Imperial College (UK)

<http://www.ic-csb.ic.ac.uk/>

Michael Barber Centre for Mass Spectrometry UMIST (UK)

<http://www2.umist.ac.uk/chemistry/cms/index.html>
Contact Dr. Isabel Rica Garcia

John Innes Centre Metabolite Service (UK)

<http://www.jic.bbsrc.ac.uk/SERVICES/metabolomics/index.htm>

Please note this is a small facility principally for JIC use but very willing to help all.

Biosystems Genomics (Netherlands)

<http://www.biosystemsgenomics.nl/>

Harvard Microchemistry and Proteomics facility (USA)

<http://mcb.harvard.edu/microchem/>

Yale NHLBI Proteomics Centre (USA)

<http://info.med.yale.edu/nhlbi-proteomics/>

Protein Facility Iowa State University (USA)

<http://www.biotech.iastate.edu/facilities/protein/>

NRC Plant Biotechnology Institute (Canada)

<http://www.pbi.nrc.ca/en/research/massspec.htm>

Australian Proteome Facility

<http://www.proteome.org.au/>

Yeast 2 Hybrid Facilities

GABI-LAPP GABI, Large-scale Automated Plant Proteomics

<http://www.molgen.mpg.de/~gabi/>

Libraries available from ABRC

Walker two hybrid libraries

Generated from Nossen

Kim & Theologis Two Hybrid cDNA libraries

Generated from 3 day-old etiolated Columbia seedlings

Horwitz and Ma Two-Hybrid cDNA libraries

Generated from inflorescence meristem, floral meristem and floral buds

<http://www.biosci.ohio-state.edu/~plantbio/Facilities/abrc/abrhome.htm>

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Microarray Facilities

Sir Henry Wellcome Functional Genomics Facility (UK)

<http://www.gla.ac.uk/functionalgenomics>

JIC Genome Centre (UK)

<http://www.jicgenomelab.co.uk/>

VIB MicroArray Facility (Belgium)

<http://www.microarrays.be/Home.htm>

NIDDK Biotechnology Consortium (USA)

http://info.med.yale.edu/wmkeck/dna_arrays.htm

CPG Workgroups (USA)

<http://www.plantgenomics.iastate.edu/microarray/>

SUNY Stony Brook DNA Microarray Facility (USA)

<http://www.osa.sunysb.edu/udmf/>

Penn Genomics Institute- Microarray facility (USA)

<http://www.genomics.upenn.edu/microarraycore/forms.htm>

Arabidopsis Oligonucleotide Microarrays (USA)

<http://www.ag.arizona.edu/microarray/>

SRC Microarray Facility (Australia)

<http://microarray.imb.uq.edu.au/index.html>

The Centre for Applied Genomics (Canada)

<http://tcag.bioinfo.sickkids.on.ca/index.php?pagename=microarray.php>

Useful Micro Array Links

At NASC

NASCArrays

Microarray database containing all of the data from NASC's affymetrix service.

<http://affymetrix.arabidopsis.info/narrays/experimentbrowse.pl>

Affy watch

The data from NASC's affymetrix service on CD's

<http://affymetrix.arabidopsis.info/AffyWatch.html>

BioResearch

A gateway to internet resources on gene expression profiling in a number of organisms

<http://bioresearch.ac.uk/browse/mesh/C0752248L1408116.html>

At TAIR

A wide range of resources and tools for Arabidopsis gene expression profiling

<http://www.arabidopsis.org/info/expression/index.jsp>

ATTED

Arabidopsis tissue specific expression database

<http://www.atted.bio.titech.ac.jp>

AtEnsembl

AtEnsembl is an Ensembl Arabidopsis thaliana genome browser developed at NASC. It is the product of a joint project between EMBL-EBI and the Sanger Institute and is freely available at <http://atensembl.arabidopsis.info>.

AtEnsembl aims to provide the most accurate and complete information about the Arabidopsis genome. To achieve this goal it supports both the TIGR and MIPS annotations and provides tools such as BLAST and SSAHA for the user to mine the data available.

AtEnsembl is an outstanding genomic resource and with future additions such as Ensembl, a powerful tool for data retrieval, as well as NASC services, such as insert watch, this will become an indispensable tool for any Arabidopsis researcher.

Zoom in to the base pair view to discover Arabidopsis and other plant proteins, CATMA probes, Affymetrix data and knockouts linked to the gene of interest.

A general view of the chromosome is provided.

The contig view displays the location of genes in a particular region.

Parallel views of both MIPS and TIGR assemblies.

Display of genes and pseudo genes with links to more detailed views of peptide, gene and transcript

The screenshot displays the AtEnsembl web interface for Arabidopsis thaliana. At the top, it shows the NASC logo and navigation links. The main content area is divided into several sections:

- Chromosome 5:** A general overview of the chromosome with a red bar indicating the current region.
- Overview:** A contig view showing DNA contigs (AB006704, AB011484, AB005230) and TIGR genes (At5g13700, At5g13710, At5g13720, At5g13730, At5g13740, At5g13750, At5g13760, At5g13770, At5g13780, At5g13790, At5g13800, At5g13810, At5g13820, At5g13830, At5g13840, At5g13850, At5g13860, At5g13870, At5g13880, At5g13890, At5g13900, At5g13910, At5g13920, At5g13930, At5g13940, At5g13950, At5g13960, At5g13970, At5g13980, At5g13990, At5g14000).
- Detailed View:** A zoomed-in view of a specific region (4467935 to 4477935 bp) showing MIPS and TIGR assemblies. It includes a 'Gene legend' with categories like CONVERTED MIPS GENES, APPROXIMATE MIPS GENES, TIGR GENES, CONVERTED MIPS PSEUDOGENES, TIGR PREDICTED GENES (NOVEL), and TIGR PSEUDOGENES.
- Features:** A track view showing various annotations including Length, CATMA probes, Affy ATH1, Arabidopsis prot., MIPS trans., TIGR trans., DNA(contigs), TIGR trans., MIPS trans., Arabidopsis prot., Other plant prot., Affy AG, Affy ATH1, CATMA probes, Knockouts, and Gene legend.
- Gene Legend:** A legend for the detailed view, including categories like CONVERTED MIPS GENES, APPROXIMATE MIPS GENES, TIGR GENES, CONVERTED MIPS PSEUDOGENES, TIGR PREDICTED GENES (NOVEL), and TIGR PSEUDOGENES.
- Affymetrix probe set:** A section for probe 250214_at, showing spot history and gene swinger information.
- Distribution of Gene Expression:** A small bar chart showing the distribution of gene expression for probe 250214_at.

There are also links to other databases such as NASC Arrays or NASC stock catalogue

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News and Views

European vision of plant genomics

The European Research Area Plant Genomics (ERA-PG) kicked off in January this year and has the ambition to further structure the plant genomics scientific and technological programmes in Europe. At present this is taking the form of interaction between the major funding agencies in each country to promote coordination and cooperation. However, the longer-term aim will be to try and consolidate funding for plant genomics across the EU in to one agency. Watch this space for updates.

CATMA GSTs Now Available

The Complete Arabidopsis Transcriptome MicroArray (CATMA) consortium of European laboratories was set up to produce Gene-specific Sequence Tags (GSTs) covering most Arabidopsis genes for use in micro array experiment. <http://www.catma.org>

These GSTs are now available as PCR amplicons in a 96 well format from NASC for those of you wishing to make in house or targeted array sets. Alternatively slides spotted with 21,000 of these GST amplicons have been generated and are also available at NASC. <http://www.nasc.nott.ac.uk>



CATMA A Complete Arabidopsis Transcriptome MicroArray

Systematic RNAi silencing of Arabidopsis genes

The AGRIKOLA project (Arabidopsis Genomic RNAi Knock-out Line Analysis) was set up in 2001 with the aims of generating a complete knock out of all Arabidopsis genes by cloning CATMA GSTs into hairpin RNA vectors. <http://www.agrikola.org/>

Eventually these constructs will be distributed by NASC as *E. coli* strains carrying GST entry or expression Gateway clones, providing an excellent genomic resource for the community.



'2025: A European Vision for Plant Genomics and Biotechnology' 1st step towards a European Plant Genomics and BioTechnology Platform -

EPSO and EuropaBio, in collaboration with the European Commission, assembled last year a group of stakeholders (the Genval Group) to draft a European vision for how plant genomics and biotechnology will look in 2025. This document marks the first step towards a European Plant BioTechnology Platform, as requested by the European Council in March 2003. It will be published by Commissioner Busquin 24th June.

The Genval Group has also identified a Group of Personalities, who are invited to reflect upon this draft, provide comments, endorse and sign up to this vision.

The European Union is redoubling its efforts to forge a knowledge-based economy. This encompasses regional, national and European initiatives. At European level, new efforts - such as the proposed European Research Council to fund basic research and technology platforms to boost public and private RTD investment - are the topics of serious discussion.

'2025: A European Vision for Plant Genomics and Biotechnology' is the first step to help chart a responsible course for this vital sector. The platform will involve key stakeholders from research, industry, the farming community, regulatory bodies, consumer and environmental groups, as well as policy-makers.

They will develop a coherent strategic research agenda and detailed action plan by end of 2004. Implementation of the action plan will help to reverse the recent deterioration of the EU plant biotechnology research and industry base, which poses a severe challenge for the long term competitiveness of the European agri-food sector and which is the basis for the €600 billion-a-year food and drinks sector.

This initiative aims to provide a fresh impetus for plant science and a bio-based economy in Europe.

Karin Metzloff, European Plant Science Organisation (EPSO), member of the Genval Group

<http://www.epsoweb.org/catalog/TP/index.htm>

Karin.Metzloff@psb.ugent.be



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Glossary of Terms

EuropaBio:- The European Association for Bioindustries

Technology Platform:- Mechanism to bring together all interested parties to develop a strategy to address a specific challenge

RTD:- Research and Technology Development

Editorial by Professor Andrew J Millar



As BBSRC's funding moves from "functional genomics" to "systems biology", GARNet's focus is also changing. The resources funded under GARNet's first grant are on line, including data from the proteomics and metabolomics projects, the arrival of the last tagged lines and the release of arrays carrying the CATMA GST probes, from NASC.

We're now faced with a wide choice of service providers for functional genomics assays, so Ruth has collated a selection of services that are happy to process samples from the UK Arabidopsis community. Have you had good or bad experiences of these facilities? Please let us know, by email to Ruth (R.M.Bastow@warwick.ac.uk)

Systems biology will need all of the functional genomics approaches that we know, together with the physics and engineering to develop new assays, the computer science, statistics and mathematics to assemble and understand the data. Which new resources would you like to see in this area, or can you offer a new service? One proposal is to provide shared licenses for bioinformatics software, such as GeneSpring, to the GARNet community, together with a database of all the publicly-available Affymetrix data from NASC and TAIR.

Shared, community resources are one of the strengths of UK Arabidopsis research and new resources start from your input and ideas, so contact Ruth or one of the advisory committee members, and join us at the GARNet meeting in Leicester.

We'll see you there!
Andrew

Diary

15th International Conference on Arabidopsis

Berlin, Germany 11-14 July 2004
<http://www.arabidopsis2004.de/>

BioScience 2004

Glasgow, UK 18 - 21 July 2004
<http://www.bioscience.org>

Plant Molecular Biology Gordon Conference

Plymouth, New Hampshire, US 18 - 23 July 2004
<http://www.grc.org/programs/2004/plantmol.htm>

ASPB - Plant Biology 2004

Orlando, Florida, USA 22-28 July 2004
<http://www.aspb.org/meetings/pb-2004/>

14th Congress of Federation of European Societies of Plant Biology (FESPB)

Cracow, Poland 23 - 27 August 2004
<http://www.zfr-pan.krakow.pl/konf/>

EuroScience Open Forum 2004

Stockholm, Sweden 25-28 August 2004
<http://www.esof2004.org/>

5th GARNet meeting with UK-BRC Leicester, UK 1-2 September 2004 <http://garnet.arabidosis.org.uk>

3rd Plant Genomics European Meeting (Plant GEMs)

Lyon, France 22-25 September 2004
<http://www.plant-gems.org>

If you would like to advertise your meeting in the next issue of GARNish please contact Ruth Bastow
R.M.Bastow@warwick.ac.uk

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PLANET: A Network of European Plant Databases



What is it?

PlaNet is a distributed, shared effort among both bioinformatics groups and plant molecular biologists to establish a high level plant genome database for the systematic exploration of Arabidopsis and other plants.

PlaNet has developed the infrastructure and data sources to capture plant-related information into a comprehensive and integrated platform, which brings together data from various European partners.

Who is involved?

- Nottingham Arabidopsis Stock Centre (NASC), Nottingham, Great Britain
- Institute for Bioinformatics (MIPS), Neuberberg, Germany
- Flanders Interuniversity Institute for Biotechnology (VIB),Gent, Belgium
- Genoplante-Info, Evry, France
- John-Innes-Centre, Norwich, Great Britain
- Plant Research International (PRI), Wageningen, Netherlands
- Centro Nacional de Biotecnología Madrid (CNB), Spain

How?

PlaNet's aims have been realized with BioMOBY (<http://www.biomoby.org>), a protocol for the discovery and distribution of biological data through webservices. While the knowledge is centralized, the data is maintained at its primary source without the need for warehousing. Thereby, the most current data is always at hand.

Where can I get more information?

<http://www.eu-plant-genome.net/>

Written by Beatrice Shildknecht (NASC)

Funding of UK Plant and Crop Science

A review of BBSRC funded research relevant to crop science was produced in May this year (http://www.bbsrc.ac.uk/news/reports/crop_sci_review12_05_04.html). The report states that in the 2002-2003 funding period a staggering total of £123,504,000 was spent on crop and plant research in the UK. Over 50% of this total is accounted for by funding from the BBSRC with Defra and SEERAD accounting for 21% and 13% respectively. In terms of plant species *Arabidopsis* dominates accounting for 30% of plant science funding in 2002-03 with wheat being the next major species accounting for 10%.

To ensure that the information and skills, gained from this large amount of *Arabidopsis* research, can be effectively transferred to practical application in crops, the BBSRC has pledged to increase the proportion of the basic plant science budget that addresses the knowledge transfer from plant to crop science whilst maintaining the current level of support for basic plant science. However, the BBSRC's report does indicate that in order to ensure translation from model to crops, crop science should actively drive the research agenda.

The map opposite depicts the location of plant research groups in mainland Britain. At least 170 groups carry out *Arabidopsis* research (as indicated by BBSRC grants) and 70 % of these are located within Universities. The majority of crop research occurs in the BBSRC funded institutes of Rothamsted, IGER, JIC, HRI and Scottish Crop Research Institute. This is clearly illustrated by the fact that over 50% of crop science is funded via core strategic grants to BBSRC sponsored institutes.

The BBSRC hopes to encourage more universities to carry out crop research by seeking grants that exploit genomic information obtained from model species such as *Arabidopsis*. To support this there will be financial incentives for collaboration with institutes and longer-term grants to provide a realistic and productive timeframe for crop research. To help promote and focus responsive funding in crop science the report proposes a single committee that would be responsible for assessing crop research and grant applications. The formation of this committee could however split plant science from crop research. It has therefore been suggested that either this new committee has overlapping membership with the current plant and microbial science committee, or that plant science is moved into this new committee.



Map of Plant Research Groups
in mainland Britain

Version 1 April 2004
Generated by R.M. Bastow
Copyright GARNet 2004



This map was produced from web based data. If you note that a research group has been omitted please contact Ruth Bastow (R.M.Bastow@warwick.ac.uk) so this error can be corrected.

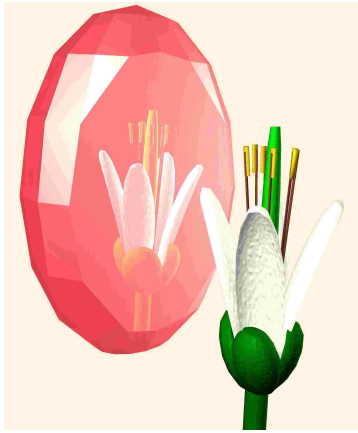
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5th Annual GARNet Meeting with UK-BRC

The University of Leicester

1-2 September 2004

Speakers include

Pam Green

University of Delaware

Caroline Dean

John Innes Centre

Thomas Laux

University of Freiburg

Derek Lydiate

AAFC Saskatoon

Pierre Hilson

University of Ghent

registration

<http://garnet.arabidopsis.org.uk>

contact

R.M.Bastow@warwick.ac.uk

